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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/439,435	11/15/1999	PETER ROCHE	12002	1637
28484	7590 01/29/2004		EXAM	INER
BASF CORI	PORATION		SERGENT, RABON A	
LEGAL DEP.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	CE, MI 48192		1711	

DATE MAILED: 01/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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e. V	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/439,435	ROCHE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Rabon Sergent	1711
The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address
Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by since the property of the period for reply will, by since the period patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a l. a reply within the statutory minimum of thi briod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO latute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	4 October 2003.	
	his action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice und	wance except for formal mat	
Disposition of Claims		·
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 7-16</u> is/are pending in the	application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3 and 4</u> is/are with	• •	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) 1,2,7-11 and 13-16 is/are rejected	i.	
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>12</u> is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b) dojected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rrection is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
1. Certified copies of the priority docum2. Certified copies of the priority docum		Application No.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the		
application from the International Bu	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78.		
a) The translation of the foreign language	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dom reference was included in the first sentence of		
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948		Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No	(s) 6) [_] Other:	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 11-03) Application/Control Number: 09/439,435

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- 1. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The examiner has not found clear support for the amendment to claim 10. To show support for the 5% amendment, applicants are required to provide the calculation of the quantities of components within Example 3.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 1, 2, 7-9, 11, and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schwindt et al. ('423) or Grogler et al. ('497).

Patentees disclose polyurethane casting compositions suitable for producing molded elastomeric coverings, comprising the reaction product of a polyisocyanate and a propylene oxide derived polyether polyol, wherein the polyol is present in an amount which overlaps the

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amount claimed for applicants' first polyol. See abstract; column 4, lines 3-21, 67, and 68; column 5, lines 1-12; and column 7, lines 51-63, within Schwindt et al. See abstract; column 11, lines 3-22; and example 3, within Grogler et al. It is noted that applicants' mixture (b1) is open to the inclusion of additional components.

Patentees differ from applicants in that applicants require a positive amount of an amine initiated polyether polyol be present. Patentees fail to recite such a component; however, the position is taken that the claimed positive amount of the amine initiated polyether polyol is close enough to zero that one would have reasonably expected the respective compositions to have the same properties, at the low end of the second polyether polyol's range. It has been held that a prima facie case of obviousness exists where the claimed ranges are close enough that one would have expected the compositions to have the same properties. Titanium Metals Corp. of America v. Banner, 778 F.2d 775, 227 USPQ 773 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Applicants' have provided no guidance with respect to the quantity of compounds which are present which are governed by the language, "a positive amount". In the absence of such guidance, the examiner considers that such components may be present in trace or nearly undetectable amounts; therefore, one would have expected such minuscule amounts of reactants to have an insignificant impact on the properties of the composition. Accordingly, this position is considered to be in line with the findings of the recited decision. Furthermore, applicants' examples have been carefully considered; however, the quantity of the amine initiated polyol in example 3 is significant and not comparable to the low end of the quantity range within claim 1. Therefore, applicants' arguments with respect to the properties of the respective compositions are not commensurate in scope with the claims. Lastly, the rejection has been expanded to include claims 9, 11, 15, and

16, because these claim limitations govern only the structure of the compounds, rather than their quantities. Accordingly, given the aforementioned position concerning the quantities of argued constituents, the aforementioned decision is considered to be relevant regardless of the structure of the compounds.

- 5. Despite applicants' response, the position is maintained that the instant claims are *prima* facie obvious in view of the aforementioned rationale concerning applicants' claimed second polyether polyol. Furthermore, despite applicants' argument, applicants' claims fail to exclude the argued polyester of Grogler et al; there is no language within the claims that excludes the presence of isocyanate reactive components in addition to those within (b1).
- 6. Claim 12 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. This application contains claims 3 and 4 drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in the response of January 17, 2001. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancelation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (571) 272-1079.

PRIMARY EXAMINER

R. Sergent

January 25, 2004